The Foundation of Islam Belief and Practice

Hebrews: 1:1-2

Introduction

Muham	nmad and the rise of Islam
Who is	Muhammad?
	570 AD-Born in Mecca
	Orphan (Sur 93:6-8)
	595 AD -Marriage to Khadja
	610 AD- Religious experience
	615-616 AD-open claim of Prophethood
	610-622 AD- 13 yr ministry in Mecca-peaceful
	620-622 AD-migration north to Medina
	624 AD-Islamic community established
	622-632 AD-in Medina-10 yrs radical-attack Meccans
	632 Death of Muhammad
Terms:	
	Islam
	Muslim
	Qur'an
	Sura—
	Aya
	Hadith/Ahadith, Sunna
	Shari'a
Two major Sec	ts:
	
The Qur'an (Koran), the main source
	chapters
	Sections
	Verses
	Order
	Tawhid, the Unity of God; Risala, the Prophethood; Akhira, the hereafter;

Muhammad is the final prophet and that Islam is the only acceptable faith.

Memorization

Ahadith, Books of Traditions

Islam as a belief system

A. FAITH: Iman: Articles of faith are to believe in:

God, His angels, His books, His messengers, the Last Day, and the divine decree of good and evil.

1. God:

His Names: Allah is the name of His being.

His nature: God is One. Tawhid is the greatest word in Islam.

He has revealed himself 'through Scriptures' only

Unknowable

It is not the revelation of a Father by a Son, but of a Lord to and through a servant.

Christian Perspective:

2. Angels:

4 prominent angels:

- 1. Gibrail brought revelation to the prophets (Sura 2:97-98).
- 2. *Mika'il is* in-charge of sustenance to all living beings (rain, sun, crops etc).
- 3. Israfil will blow the trumpet on the Day of Judgement.
- 4. Izrael angel of death, Malakul Mawt

Angelic activities according to the Qur'an: (Sura 50:17-18; 8:50; 40:7; 74:31; 35:1; 39:75; 69:17).

Belief in Satan and Jinn - Muhammad taught:

- 1. Created from fire.
- 2. The devil enters into a person like blood into his body.
- 3. Every child of Adam except Jesus is touched by the devil at birth.
- 4. Satan is one of the Jinn (Sura 18:50), but elsewhere he seems to be one of the angels (Sura 2:31-34). Satan called Azazil
- 5. Like humans Jinn eat and drink and have families.
- 6. Muhammad preached to them (Sura 72:1-2, 11-15) and some believed.

Christian view of Angels

3. Books

1. 104 books were given. 100 are lost. The other four are Torah, Zabur, Injil and the Qur'an.

2. There are about 120 passages in the Qur'an referring to the Torah and Injil. Several of the passages confirm and declare them as having 'guidance and light'. (Surra 5:44-46)

4. Prophets:

From Adam to Muhammad – 124 thousand prophets

Some special with books and others without

5. The last day:

Many names: Qayama, Sa'a, Hisab, Hashr . . .,

Tribulation

Sunrise in the West

Appearance of the Antichrist (Dajjal)

Return of Christ

6. Belief in Predestination

Generally, a Muslim believes in an absolute decree of good and evil.

B. **PRACTICE**: *Din*, Known as the five pillars of Islam.

1. Shahada: Declaration of faith by recital of the Creed

There is no god but Allah and Muhammad is His Apostle:

Christian: John 17:3, Romans 10:9

2. Salah (Salat): Five compulsory prayers

Daily duty; performed individually or in congregation at a mosque during 5 specific times-public

Christian: Col 4:2, I Thes 5:17, Luke 18:1 Matt 6:5-6

3. Zaka (Zakat): welfare contribution or almsgiving

Annual 2.5% of accumulated wealth and assets.

Khums: 5th of assets.

Given to Muslims only

Christians: Matt 6:1-4, Luke 21:1

4. Sawm (Fasting)

30 days of fasting during the month of Ramadan (Qur'an 2:183).

Abstention from food, drink and sexual activities from dawn to dusk.

Celebration of a feast 'Eid al-fitr'

Christian: Matt 6:16-18

5. Hajj (Pilgrimage)

Every adult Muslim to perform *subject to certain conditions*, once in a lifetime.

Celebration of a feast 'Eid al-Adha'

Jihad? Jahada – struggle Qatala – to kill.

This narrowly escaped being the sixth pillar.

The world is divided into two realms: *Dar al-Islam* (abode of Islam) and *Dar al-Harb* (abode of war). Hence the object of Jihad is to turn *Dar al-Harb* into *Dar al-Islam* (2:190-193, 216; 4:91; 9:5, 29; 47:4).

War against non-Muslims

Question: In what ways are the pillars of Islam different to or similar to Christian teachings? (Some starting points: John 4:21-24; 17:3; 1Tim. 2:5-6; Matt. 6:1-17, 34).